

ANDHRA PRADESH EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS
(REGULATION OF ADMISSIONS) ORDER, 1974-
CONSOLIDATED AND COMPREHENSIVE
INSTRUCTIONS

[G.O. P. No. 646, dated 10th July, 1979]

- Read :-1. G.O. Ms. No. 453, General Administration (SPF-B) Department,
dt.3-7-1974. .
2. G.O. P. No. 628, Edn. Dept., dt. 25-7-1974.
 3. G.O. Ms. No. 749, Edn.. Dept., dt. 22-8-1974.
 4. G.O. Ms. No. 991, Edn. Dept., dt. 18.8-1975.
 5. G.O. Ms. No. 986, Edn. (C) Dept., dt. 21-10-1976.
 6. G.O. Ms. No. 1106, Edn. (C) Dept., dt. 10-12-1976.
 7. G.O. Ms. No. 1107, Edn; (C) Dept., dt. 10-12-1976.
 8. Circular Govt. Memo. No. 4/ARC & S/77-1, General
Administration (ARC & S) Dept., dt..25-2-1977.
 9. Govt. Memo. No. 2183/WI/77-2, dt. 26-12-1977.

ORDER :-In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (1) and (2) of Article 371-D of the Constitution of India, the President has made, with respect to the State of Andhra Pradesh, the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974. This Presidential Order was published at pages 1383 to 1386 of the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, sub-section (i) dated the 1st July, 1974. It had come into force on the same day. The Order was republished in Andhra Pradesh Gazette, Extraordinary, dated the 3rd July, 1974, through the Government Order first read above. A copy of the Order, as amended up-to-date is appended.

2. The Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974 provides for reservation of seats in favour of local candidates in courses of study provided by the Universities and other educational institutions subject to the control of the State Government. Paragraph 9 of the Order lays down that the provisions of that Order shall have effect notwithstanding anything contained in any statute ordinance, rule, regulation or other order (whether made before or after the commencement of the Order) in respect of admissions to any University or any other educational institutions subject to the control of the State Government. Paragraph 10 of the said Order, however, declares that nothing

in the Order shall affect the operation of any provisions made by the State Government or other competent authority (whether before or after the commencement of the Order) in respect of reservations in the matter of admission to any University or other education Institution in favour of women, socially and educationally backward classes of citizens, the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes in so far as such provisions are not inconsistent with the Order.

3. After the coming into force of the above Presidential Order, with effect from 1-7-1974, admissions to the educational institutions in the entire State are to be made in the light of the provisions of the said Order. According to Paragraph 4 of the Order a candidate for admission to any course of study shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to a local area,-

- (a) If he has studied in an educational institution or educational institutions in such local area for a period of not less than four consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared in the relevant qualifying examination; or
- (b) where during the whole or any part of the four consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination, he has not studied in any educational institution, if he has resided in that local area for a period of not less than four years immediately preceding the date of commencement of the relevant qualifying examination in which he appeared, or, as the case may be, first appeared.

4. It must be noted that para 4 (a) as extracted above covers the cases of those candidates who studied in an educational institution or educational institutions for a period of not less than four consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared in the relevant qualifying examination, while para 4 (b) applies to the case of other candidates. For purposes of para 4 (a) educational institution has been defined as a University or any educational institution recognised by the State Government, a University or other competent authority. The eligibility of a candidate who has studied during any part of the four years period in an unrecognised institution will have to be dealt with under para 4 (b). While considering the eligibility of a candidate to be regarded as a local candidate, under paragraph 4 (a) of the Order by virtue of four consecutive years of study in a local area, it should be noted that in reckoning the consecutive academic years of study, any interruption in the period of his study, by reason of his failure to pass any examination shall be disregarded. For instance, a candidate who has studied in the IXth

and Xth Classes and the Junior and Senior Intermediate Classes in institutions of the sale local area with a break of one year after the Xth Class on account of failure to pass the Xth Class examination at the first attempt, shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to that local area for admission to a degree course in any institution in that area.

5. The above definition of the local candidate (as it stood until it was amended with effect from 25-11-1976) had given rise to certain situations wherein some of the candidates belonging to the State of Andhra Pradesh, who have studied or resided throughout within the State come to be regarded as non-local candidates in all the local areas within the State. In order to avoid such a situation, the Government of India have since issued the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Second Amendment Order, 1976 amplifying the said definition in paragraph 4 of the Order

6. The Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Second Amendment Order, 1976 inserts a new sub-paragraph in the said 1974 Order-viz., sub-paragraph (2) to Paragraph 4 thereby making provision for considering the claims of persons, who under the old definition would have become non-local in relation to all local areas in the State. According to sub-para (2) (a) of para 4, after amendment, if such a candidate has studied in educational institutions in the State for a period of not less than seven consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared on, as the case may be, first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination, he shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to that local area where he had studied for the longest period out of the said period of seven years. In the event of the periods of study in two or more local areas being equal he shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to that local area where he studied during the last of the said equal periods. Clause (b) to sub-para (2) applies to a candidate who, during the whole or any part of the seven consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or as the case may be, first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination has not studied in educational institutions in any local area, but has resided in the State during the whole of the said seven years, the candidate shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to that local area where he has resided for the longest period out of the said seven year period. This residence test will be applies to candidates in whose cases there is a gap in study, occasioned otherwise than by reason of failure to pass in an examination, in the prescribed full term of seven years immediately preceding the relevant qualifying examination. It has also been provided that where the periods of residence in two or more local areas are equal, such a candidate shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to the local area where he resided last in such equal periods. The application of the liberalised definitions made through the Second Amendment Order are illustrated by the examples given in the Annexure-I.

7. Through the same Second Amendment Order, 1976 referred to above, Paragraph 3 of the Presidential Order has been suitably amended to clarify that the local area relatable to the Andhra University shall also be the local area in respect of the Nagarjuna University and that the local area relatable to the Osmania University will also be the local area relatable to the Kakatiya University which have been established with headquarters at Kazanambur, Guntur and Warangal respectively under the relevant University Acts, 1976.

8. "Relevant qualifying examination" has been explained in the Presidential Order as the examination a pass in which is the minimum educational qualification for admission to the course of study for which admission is sought. For example in case of admission to the MBBS, B.Sc. Course, the minimum educational qualification required at present is a pass in the Intermediate examination. While a candidate who possesses B.Sc. Degree will also be eligible for admission, in order to determine whether the candidate is a "local candidate" or not, the period of study or residence, as the case may be, immediately before the first appeared for the Intermediate examination alone should be taken into consideration. Further, in the case of a candidate who did not pass the minimum qualifying examination in the first attempt and therefore appeared for it more than once, the period of study or residence has to be computed with reference to his first appearance at such examination. Candidates who do not satisfy the conditions laid down in Paragraph 4 in relation to any local area shall not be regarded as local candidates of the local area"

9. Having regard to the above, the Government have directed that for the purpose of admission into educational institutions, those who claim to be local candidates with reference to para 4 (1) (a) or para 4 (2) (a) of the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974 should produce evidence in the form of study certificates issued by the heads of the educational institutions concerned indicating the details of the year or years in which the candidate has studied in an educational institution or institutions in such local area for a period of not less than four or seven consecutive academic years ending with academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared in the relevant qualifying examination Those who do not qualify as local candidates under para 4 (1) (a) or 4 (2) (a) but claim to qualify by virtue of residence under para 4 (1) (b) or para 4 (2) (b) of the said Order should produce a certificate issued by an Officer of the Revenue Department not below the rank of Tahsildar in the form annexed vide Annexure-II.

10. The Government have carefully considered the manner of implementation of reservation in favour of local candidates provided in the Presidential Order taking into account the provisions made in respect of

reservation in favour of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Backward Classes, Women etc., in the State and have directed that the procedure set out in the two annexures should be followed in the implementation of the reservations in favour of local candidates provided under the Order.

Annexure-III to this Government Order will regulate admission to non-State-wide Universities non-State-wide Educational Institutions subject to the control of the State Government, while Annexure-IV will regulate admissions to State-wide Universities and State-wide Educational Institutions. The registrars of Universities in the State, the Director of Public Instruction, Director of Technical Education, Director of Medical and Health Services, Director of Indian Medicine and the Director of Employment and Training were requested to issue suitable instructions to all the educational institutions under their control to follow the procedure laid down in Annexures-III and IV in the matter of admission of local candidates in pursuance of the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of admissions) Order, 1974.

11. As clarifications were being sought on the question as to who should be considered eligible to apply as candidates belonging to the State of Andhra Pradesh for the purpose of admission to courses of studies offered by educational institutions, subject to the control of the State Government against the 15% of the available seats kept unreserved in terms of the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974 the Government after careful consideration have directed that the following categories of candidates may be treated as eligible to apply for admissions to educational institutions in the State, subject to the control of the State Government, as candidates belonging to the State of Andhra Pradesh against the 15% of the available seats left unreserved in terms of the Presidential Order:

- (i) All local candidates defined in the Presidential Order;
- (ii) Candidates who have resided in the State for a total period of ten years excluding periods of study outside the State; or either of whose parents have resided in the State for a total period of ten years excluding periods of employment outside the State;
- (iii) Candidates who are children of parents who are in the employment of this State or Central Government, Public Sector corporations, Local Bodies, Universities and other similar quasi-Public Institutions within the State; and
- (iv) Candidates who are spouses of those in the employment of this State or Central Government, Public Sector Corporations, Local Bodies, Universities and educational institutions recognised by the Government a University or other competent authority and similar other quasi-Government institutions within the

State,

12. It has been decided that persons in the employment of this State or Central Government, Public Sector Corporations, Local Bodies, Universities and other similar Quasi-Public Institutions, within the State may be treated as eligible to apply for admission to the part-time course of study offered by the educational institutions in the State subject to the control of the State Government as candidates belonging to the State of Andhra Pradesh.

13. The Government consider that in the large majority of cases falling under the above categories, "nativity" may not be in doubt. The Heads of Educational Institutions or other admission authorities may call for appropriate certificates of study /residence or employment in cases of doubt.

14. In pursuance of the instructions in the Memo eighth cited that a consolidated, single, self contained order, in supersession of all previous instructions on the subject may be issued which should be a comprehensive, self contained and unequivocal order avoiding reference to the previous order, these orders are Issued in regard to the circulars on Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974.

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ANNEXURE-I

Example 1 :-

'A' studied for 3 years in the Andhra University local area, for 2 years in the Osmania University local area, and again for 2 years in the Andhra University local area immediately preceding the qualifying examination. He does not qualify himself as a local candidate of any local area in the State under para 4 (1) of the Order. He will therefore be treated as a local candidate of the Andhra University local area since he has studied for the longest period of 5 years within a period of 7 years before the relevant qualifying examination in that local area-Vide Paragraph 4 (2) (a) (i).

Example 2 ;-

'B' studied for the first 3 years in Andhra University local area next 3 years in the Osmania University area and thereafter 1 year in the Sri Venkateswara University local area. He does not qualify himself as a local candidate of any local area in the State under para 4 (1) of the Order. He will therefore be treated as a local candidate of the Osmania University local area as in the last of the two equal periods within the relevant period of 7 years he Studied in that local area-Vide para 4 (2) (a) (ii).

Example 3 :-

'C' studied for 1 year in Andhra University local area, then 2 years in Sri Venkateswara University local area, 2 years again in Andhra University local area and 1 year in the Sri Venkateswara University local area and finally 1 year in the Osmania University local area. He does not qualify as a local candidate of any local area in the State under sub-para (1) of para 4. He will therefore be regarded as a local candidate of the Sri Venkateswara University local area as during the last of the equal periods of (3 years each) after computation of the periods of studies within the relevant 7 years period he studied in that local area-Vide para 4 (2) (a) (ii).

Example 4 :-

'D' did not study in any educational institutions for one year due to illness/poverty during the 7 consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or, as the case may be, first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination, but resided in the State during the whole of the 7 years period. He resided and studied in Andhra University local area for 3 years, later on he shifted to the Sri Venkateswara University local area where he studied and resided for one year; he thereafter shifted back to the Andhra University local area again and studied and resided there for 2 years with a gap of one year during which also he resided in the Andhra University area. 'D' does not therefore qualify himself as a local candidate of any local area in the State under para 4 (1) of the Order. He will be regarded as the local candidate of the Andhra University local area as he has resided for the longest period of 6 years within the period of 7 years immediately preceding the relevant qualifying examination-Vide para 4 (2) (b) (i).

Example 5 :-

'E' did not study in any educational institution for one year on account of illness/poverty during the relevant 7 years period preceding the relevant qualifying examination but resided in the State during the whole of the said period. He studied and resided for 2 years in the Andhra University local area, he did not study for 1 year thereafter, but resided in the Andhra University local area, then studied and resided for 3 years in the Osmania ' University local area and lastly one year in the Sri Venkateswara University local area. He does not therefore qualify himself as a local candidate of any local area in the State under para 4 (1) of the Order. He will be regarded as the local candidate of the Osmania University local area as during the last of the 2 equal periods (of 3 years each) of his residence within the period of 7 years he was in that local area-vide para 4 (2) (b) (ii).

Example 6 :-

'F' had a gap in his study on account of poverty/illness for a period of one year during the 7 consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he appeared or first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination but has resided in the State during the whole of the 7 years period. He studied and resided for one year in the Andhra University local area, did not study the next one year due to poverty or illness but resided during the period in Andhra University local area, then studied and resided in the Sri Venkateswara University local area, for 2 years, came back to the Andhra University local area and studied and resided therefore 1 year, later again studied and resided in the Sri Venkateswara University local area for 1 year and during the last year he studied and resided in Osmania University local area. He does not qualify as a local candidate of any local area in the State under para 4 (1). He should be regarded as a local candidate of the Sri Venkateswara University local area as during the last of the equal periods (of 3 years) after computation within the 7 years period he was within that area-vide para 4 (2) (b) (ii).

ANNEXURE-II

Admission for Course

It is hereby certified-

- (a) that Son of/daughter of a candidate for admission the course, appeared for the first time for the examination (being the minimum qualifying examination for admission to the course mentioned above) in (month) (year).
- (b) that he/she has not studied in any educational institution during the whole/a part of the *4/7 consecutive academic years ending With the academic year in which he/ she first appeared for the aforesaid examination.
- (c) that in the *4/7 years immediately proceeding the commencement of the aforesaid examination, he/she has resided in the following place/places falling within the local area in respect of the University, namely:

Sl. No	Village	Taluk	District	Period
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				

2. The above candidate is, therefore, a local candidate in relation to the local area specified in paragraph **3 (1)/3 (2)/3 (3) of the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974.

Office Seal

Officer of Revenue Department
not below the rank of Tahsildar

*N.B. :- Candidates claiming local candidature with reference to para 4 (I) (b) of the Order need furnish particulars of residence for 4 years but those claiming candidature under para 4 (2) (b) should furnish for 7 years.

**Score off the ones not applicable.

+ Andhra (Nagarjuna/Osmania (Kakatiya/Sri Venkateswara

ANNEXURE-III

Procedure for implementation of the reservation in favour of local candidates provided under the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974 in respect of Non-State-wide Universities and other non-State-wide Educational Institutions (which are subject to the control of the State Government)

1. The number of "available seats" in the course of study shall first be computed by deducting from the total number of seats provided in that course, the number of seats reserved for candidates from outside the State.

2. The number of seats reserved in favour of local candidates in relation to the local area in respect of the University or other educational institution concerned shall then be determined; this number shall be 85% of the available seats, any fraction of a seat being counted as one provided that there shall be at least one unreserved seat.
3. From amongst all eligible applicants, whether such applicants are local candidates or not, a provisional list of admission to fill all the available seats shall be drawn up. This provisional list shall be prepared on the basis of the relative merits of all eligible applicants and the reservations in favour of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Backward Classes, Women etc., as provided under the relevant rules of admission. The candidates included in the provisional admission list shall be arranged in order of merit or where the rules of admission provide for their arrangement if any other order, in the order so provided.
4. The provisional admission list shall be scrutinised to ascertain the number of local candidates finding a place in that list. If the number of local candidates finding a place in the provisional admission list equals or exceeds the number of seats reserved in favour of local candidates, such provisional admission list shall be deemed to be the final admission list.
5. If, however, on the scrutiny referred to in para 4, it is found that the number of local candidates finding a place in the said provisional admission list falls short of the number of seats reserved in favour of local candidates, the local candidates not included in the provisional admission list shall be arranged in order of merit in a separate list referred to as a Reminder List. Thereafter, the candidates other than local candidates (referred to as 'non-local' candidates) finding a place in the provisional admission list shall be successively eliminated in reverse order from the bottom of such list and replaced by local candidates selected in order of merit from the Remainder List, so, however, that the provisions in the rules of admission for reservation in favour of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Backward Classes, women, etc., are observed to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the provisions of the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974. This process of successive elimination of non-local candidates and their replacement by local candidates shall be continued until the number of local candidates in the provisional admission list equals the number of seats reserved for such candidates. At that stage, the provisional admission list as so modified shall be

deemed to be the final admission list.

ILLUSTRATIONS

Illustration 'A':-

The number of available seats in a course of study is 101, then the number of seats reserved in favour of local candidates will be 85% of 101 with the fraction being counted as one. Thus, the number of seats reserved in favour of local candidates will be 86. If in the provisional admission list the number of local candidates equals or exceeds 86 such provisional admission list shall be deemed to be the final admission list.

Illustration 'B' :-

If, in the case referred to under Illustration 'A' the number of local candidates in the provisional admission list is 84, the 2 non-local candidates at the bottom of the provisional admission list shall be eliminated and replaced by 2 local candidates from the Remainder list. The provisional list so modified shall be deemed to be the final admission list.

Illustration 'C':-

If in the case referred to under Illustration 'B' above one of the non-local candidates at the bottom of the provisional admission list who is proposed to be eliminated is a Scheduled Caste candidate whose replacement by Non-Scheduled Caste candidate will violate the rule of reservation in Favour of Scheduled Castes, such non-local Scheduled Caste candidates shall be replaced by the first available local Scheduled Caste candidates in the Remainder list. .

Illustration 'D':-

If in the case referred to under Illustration 'C', above, it is found that there is no local Scheduled Caste candidate available in the remainder list to replace the non-local Scheduled Caste candidate, then the non-local Scheduled Caste candidate in the provisional admission list shall be allowed to remain in such list and the non-local non-Scheduled Caste candidate immediately Above him in such list shall be eliminated and replaced by a local candidate from the remainder list.

ANNEXURE-IV

Procedure for implementation of the reservation in favour of local

candidates provided under the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974 in respect of State-wide Universities and State-wide Educational Institutions (which are subject to the control of the State Government)

1. The number of available seats in the course of study shall first be computed by deducting from the total number of seats provided in that course the number of seats reserved for candidates from outside the State.
2. If the number of available seats does not exceed 3 the provisions relating to reservation in favour of local candidates shall not apply to such course. Where, however, the number of available seats exceeds 3 further action should be taken in the manner set out in the following paragraph.
3. The number of seats reserved in the aggregate in favour of local candidates in relation to all the three University local areas, namely the Andhra University area, the Osmania University area and Sri Venkateswara University area shall be determined; this number shall be 85% of the available seats, any fraction of a seat being counted as one, provided that there shall be at least one unreserved seat.
4. The number of seats reserved in the aggregate in favour of local candidates of all the three University areas having been determined as provided under paragraph 3, the number of such reserved seats allocated in favour of the candidates of each of the three University areas shall then be determined. For this purpose the number of reserved seats shall be allocated amongst the local candidates of the Andhra University, Osmania University and Sri Venkateswara University local areas in the ratio of 42 : 36 : 22 respectively. While allocating the reserved seats, fractions of a seat shall be adjusted by counting the greatest fraction as one and if necessary also the greater of remaining fractions as another, and where the fraction to be so counted cannot be selected by reason of fractions being equal, the selection shall be by lot. There shall however be at least one seat allocated for the local candidates in respect of each local area.
5. From amongst all the eligible applicants whether such applicants are local candidates in relation to any of the three University local areas or not, a provisional list of admissions to fill all the available seats shall be drawn up. This list shall be prepared on the basis of the relative merits of all the eligible applicants and the reservations in favour of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes,

Backward Classes, Women etc., as provided in the relevant rules of admission. The candidates included in the provisional admission list shall be arranged in order of merit or where the rules of admission provide for their arrangement in any other order, in the order so provided.

6. The provisional admission list shall be scrutinised to ascertain the number of local candidates in relation to each University local area that find a place in that list. If the number of local candidates in relation to each University area that find a place in the provisional admission list equals or exceeds the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of the local candidates of each such area then such provisional admission list shall be deemed to be the final admission list.
7. If, however, on the scrutiny referred to in para 6 above it is found that the number of local candidates in relation to anyone or more University areas falls short of the number of seats reserved in favour of the local candidates of such University area or areas (referred to as "deficit University area or areas") the local candidates in relation to the deficit University area or areas, not included in the provisional admission list, shall be arranged in order of merit in a separate list referred to as the remainder list. Thereafter candidates finding a place in the provisional admission list and belonging to either of the following two categories, viz. :
 - (a) Non-local candidates (i.e., those who are not local candidates in respect of any of the three University areas; and
 - (b) Local candidates of any University area who are in excess of the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of the local candidates of such University area shall be successively eliminated in reverse order from the bottom of the provisional admission list and shall be replaced by local candidates in relation to the deficit University area or areas selected in order of merit from the Remainder list; so however, that the provisions relating to reservations in favour of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Backward classes, Women etc., are observed to the extent that these are not inconsistent with the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institution (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974.

Whereas a result of the elimination of candidates falling under category (b) above the number of local candidates in relation to any University area remaining in the provisional admission list has been reduced so as to equal

the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of the local candidates of that University area, there shall be no further elimination of candidates in respect of that University area. Likewise where as a result of the replacement by candidates from the Remainder list the number of local candidates in relation to any University area included in the Provisional admission list has gone up so as to equal the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of the local candidates in relation to that University area, there shall be no further replacement by local candidates in relation to that University area from the Remainder list. This process of successive elimination and replacement shall continue until the number of local candidates in respect of each deficit University area or areas, as the case may be, in the provisional admission list equals the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of the local candidates in respect of such University area or areas; at that stage, the provisional admission list as so modified shall be deemed to be the final admission list.

ILLUSTRATION

Illustration 'A' :- The number of available seats in a course of study is 101. The number of seats reserved in the aggregate in favour of local candidates in relation to all the three University local areas viz., Andhra University, Osmania University and Sri Venkateswara University will be 85% of 101, the fraction being counted as one. Thus the total number of reserved seats will be 86. These 86 seats will have to be allocated amongst the local candidates in relation to the three University areas in the ratio

of 42 : 36 : 22. This will result in an allocation of $36 \frac{12}{100}$ $30 \frac{96}{100}$ $18 \frac{92}{100}$

Treating the fractions in the manner set out in paragraph 4 above, the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of Andhra, Osmania and Sri Venkateswara University areas will be 36, 31 and 19 respectively. If in the provisional list of admissions the number of local candidates in relation to the three University areas is 38, 34 and 22, (the remaining 7 being non-local candidates) the provisional list shall be deemed to be the final admission list.

Illustration 'B' :-If, in the case referred to under Illustration' A', above, the number of local candidates in relation to the Andhra, Osmania and Sri Venkateswara University areas, are 38, 29 and 18 respectively I (the remaining 16, being non-local candidates) the Osmania and Sri Venkateswara University local areas will have to be treated as deficit University areas, the deficit being 2 seats in respect of the Osmania University area and one seat in respect of Sri Venkateswara University area. The number of local candidates in relation to the Andhra University area has exceeded the total number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of that University area by two. Therefore, three candidates from amongst those who are non-local candidates or local

candidates in relation to the Andhra University area will have to be eliminated from the bottom of provisional admission list and replaced by two local candidates in relation to Osmania University area and one candidate in relation to Sri Venkateswara University area from the Remainder list. However, while there will be no restriction on the number of non-local candidates to be eliminated from the list, the number of local candidates in relation to the Andhra University area who may so be eliminated in the present case shall not exceed two since after the elimination of 2 such candidates the number of local candidates in relation to Andhra University area remaining in the provisional admission list will just equal 36. i.e., the number of seats reserved and allocated in favour of such candidates. Therefore if the last 3 candidates at the bottom of the provisional admission list are all local candidates in relation to the Andhra University area, the last 2 from the bottom shall alone be eliminated and the 3rd candidate to be eliminated shall be the last non-local candidate in the provisional admission list.

Illustration 'C' :-If in the case referred to under Illustration 'B' any of the candidates who is proposed to be eliminated is a Scheduled Caste candidate, whose replacement by a non-Scheduled Caste candidate will violate the rule of reservation in favour of Scheduled Castes such Scheduled caste candidate shall be replaced only by the first available Scheduled Caste candidate in the Remainder list who is eligible for such replacement.

Illustration 'D' :-If in the case referred to under Illustration 'C' above there is no Scheduled Caste candidate in the Remainder list who is a local candidate in relation to the deficit University area to replace the Scheduled Caste candidate proposed to be eliminated from the provisional admission list, the later Scheduled Caste candidate shall not be eliminated from such list and the non-Scheduled Caste candidate immediately above him in such list being a candidate falling under a category liable for elimination, shall be eliminated instead.